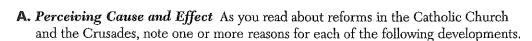


## GUIDED READING Church Reform and the Crusades



| The Benedictine monastery was founded at Cluny.                                 | 2. The power of the pope was extended.  |
|---|---|
| 3. Nearly 500 Gothic cathedrals were built and decorated between 1170 and 1270. | 4. The Byzantine emperor appealed to the Count of Flanders for help.  |
| 5. Pope Urban II issued a call for a Crusade.                                   | 6. There was an outpouring of support for the First Crusade.  |
| 7. Four feudal Crusader states were formed, each ruled by a European noble.     | 8. Jerusalem remained under Muslim control, though unarmed Christian pilgrims could visit the city's holy places. |
| 9. In Spain, Isabella and Ferdinand used the Inquisition to suppress heretics.  | 10. European kings strengthened their own power as a result of the Crusades.                                      |

**B.** Recognizing Facts and Details On the back of this paper, identify each of the following: St. Francis of Assisi, Saladin, Richard the Lion-hearted, the Reconquista, and the Inquisition.